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METHOD FOR MANUFACTURING A BUILDING STRUCTURE.

Applicant/Proprietor: INTERNATIONAL DOME SYSTEMS

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Description

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The invention relates to a method for manufacturing a building abunture in accordance with the presmble of claim 4.

A method of this kind is known from US-A-4,155,987.

According to eath known method the foam layer is applied layer by layer and the foot plates of the anchors are offsched by means of adherive to the first foam layer. This attachment is in-quifficient. Many enchors fall down under the influence of the forces which occur during spraying and due to deformations of the form by wind forces. Even after surrounding the enchor feet by the next foam layer applied over said feet said anchors are not capable to take up the loads which occur during attachment of the reinforcing rode and during spraying of the concrete.

Purpose of the invention is to provide a method by means of which the progress of the work is not disturbed by anchors which do not maintain their proper position.

According to the Invention this purpose is actived by the cheracterizing sentures of claim 1.

By the fact that the form layer has obtained in final trickness prior to mounting the anchors it is possible to insert the bent over parts of the feet of the anchors essay into the form layer. Due to this the anchors ere quickly stracked.

By the fact that moreover the first concrete leyer is sprayed over said feet and covers used feet, a hard layer is obtained which boilds the anchors in a manner such that they can no longer locate and are capable to carry the weight of the terriforcing rode and are capable able to withstand the forces which occur during appropring of the concrete on the anchors and reinforcing rode, including the weight of not yet completely hardened coocrete parts.

Preferably the reinforcing is one which at least in horizontal planes is preterationable. This is made possible by the rigid attachment of the enchors.

It is observed that from US-A-3,277,219 a method is known for the manufacturing of a building structure by making use of an inflatable form squinst the inner side of which a foem layer is sprayed until the layer. 45 has its fell required thickness. After spraying and comploting said layer anchors are viscetted into the foam layer in the form of wire dips having a burbed or turmemicalla na solvana halfw bus betraani revo ben such that prior to any apraying of concrete reinforcing rods own be attricted to said anothers. The mounting of said enchars by pressure or honoreding is time consuring and can damage the form layer. Concrete is only applied for the first time after the reinforcing rade ere placed. Altirough acid known method discloses the possibility of primerily manufacturing the foam tayer until the final thickness is obtained it has distidvantages in respect of the mounting of the anchors.

Spraying of the resin can be performed until that the entire intended of the form is covered so that a building obtaine is already obtained from resin such as a resin dome.

It is also possible to apray part of the height with rean and to shart spraying the concrete already whilst the spraying of the resin proceeds upwardly towards the top.

Mounting of the reinforcing rode can take place auch that the reinforcing is completed first prior to applying the further concrete layers. One, however, can also perform the work in such a way that each concrete layers are applied after mounting part of the reinforcing rode proceeds upwardly followed by the application of the concrete, which application of the concrete of course starts at the basis.

The synthetic form can remain in place on be genoved respectively. For performing the work use can be made of a movable platform litting device having at the outer and of a swingable and extendable arm a work platform from which any position inside the blown form can be reached with spraying devices.

With the invention it is possible to manufacture building structures of prefembly dome shaped configuration in a simple manner. They can have a circular basis and be part aphendal. They however may have as well an eval basis or even a rectangular basis.

The Invention concerns as well an anchor for applying the method according to the Invention which anchor as known from US-A-4 (55.967 has a perforated footplate to which a rod is attached which anchor according to the invention has tongues which are out free from the plate and bent into a position perpendicular to the plate of the plate and turned away from the rod.

Said anchor has a shape such that it can be treasted with said tongues tree the found layer. I

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The invention will be further illustrated with reference to the drawings.

Figure 1 shews part of a building structure according to the invention.

Figure 2 shows a possible embodiment of the anchor.

Figures 3a to fimiliative show different phases of the method according to the invention.

The building structure which can be obtained with the invention has a form 1 which by blowing is brought into the proper shape and is made from pleaking. Against the innerside a foam synthatic layer 2 is applied by spraying. The enchors 3 are board upon each layer and reinforcing rods 4 are attached to sold inclinia. For mounting the anchors use can be made of an encolary reinforcement 4' such as rods which support the anchors for and during performing further operations. The space around said reinforcing rods which is defined outwardly by the foam synthetic layer 2 is filled with concrete 5 by spraying. Prior to building

the concrete layer 5 layer by layer a first layer 5' is eprayed over the feet 8 of the archore. The plactic form 1 to connected in an air-tight manner at 5 to a prefebuloated foundation 7.

The anchors may have the form shown in figure 2 comprising a perforated footblate 8 having bent over tongues 9, which can be pressed into the form synthetic tayer 2 and with an outwardly extending rod or aim 10 serve for connecting to them the reinforcing rods. By applying the first concrete layer 8' said anchors are well hold in place sufficiently to carry the reinforcing rods.

Figure 3 showns in figure 3a diagrammatically a part of an annular foundation 7 which has to be provided:

Figure 3b shows the application of the form 1 in the not yet inflated condition.

Figure 3c shows the inflation by means of fans 11.

The inflated half is provided with an air lock 12 known in itself.

Figure 3d shows the Inflated half in a cut-open way. Present in the half to a working device 13 liaving a working platform 14 by means of which through a supply conduite 15 synthetic fram; such as polymethane can be supplied by the schematically shown device 18 and sprayed upon the innerside of the inflated form 1.

Figure 34 shows the mouting of horizontal annuter reinforcing rode as well as reinforcing rode extending in vertical planes, after which, as shown in figure 30 M, by means of the device 13 concrete 5' and 5 respectively can be sprayed.

The hall obtained finally no longer needs the lens and entrance lock respectively.

In case whichows are needed auxiliary frames can be placed with the aid of anchors upon the synthetic foam layer 3 as achemotically indicated at 17 in figure 3d. After complaint the building structure, which means after hardening of the concrete, which concrete surrounds the auxiliary frames, the plastic layer of the form and the form layer can be out away and a real window frame with or without glass can be placed in the opening obtained therewith.

Claims

1. Method for manufacturing a building structure in which an inflatable form (1) which has been provided with an entrance look (12) to mounted in an airtight manner on a base or foundation (7) which form (1) by means of suitable devices is inflated and after having obtained to correct shape by inflation a form reain layer (2) is aprayed upon the transition of the form (1), anothers, each having a perforated foot plate (8) to which an anchoring rod (19) is attached, are placed with their plate-shaped feet (8) on said form room layer (2), whereby said anchoring rods (10) are

inwardly directed, reinforcing rods (4) are affacted to said anchoring rods (10) after apraying a first layer concrete (5') upon the foam layer (2), observed and that primarily the foam main layer (2) is manufactured until its first required thickness is obtained, that only thereaffer the anchors (8, 10) are placed and fixed to the foam layer (2) by insenting of bent positions (9) which are dut true from the plate (8) and bent over into a position perpendiques to the plane of the plate (8) and that the first turned away from said rod (10) and that the first concrete layer (5) is approved over the fact (8) of said anchors which its against the innerside of the foam layer (2).

2. Method according to claim 1, characterized in that the mintercoment of least in horizontal planes is a pre-tensionable relatorcement.

3. Mathod according to claim 1 or 2 in which for the manufacturing of window trames and the like frames are placed which are bood by the agraying of the concrete layer, characterized in that the frames are temporary frames of which form and dimension correspond to the form and dimension of the final window frames, which frames are placed upon the foem layer and after the application of the concrete, form material and frames are removed at the location of the frames and said frames are removed and replaced by the final window frames.

4. Anchor for use in the mothod according to one or more of the preceding claims comprising a perforated (out plate to which a rod is attracted, characterized in that said plate (8) has tongues (9) which are cut free from the plate (8) and tient over into a position perpendicular to the plane of the plate (8), and turned away from said rod (10).

Patentansprüchs

1. Variativan zum Harutollon eines Gabauder, bei dem eine aufblaabare Form (1), welche mit einer Emfahrtschlause (12) versehen ist kultificht abschile-Gend sur siner Basis oder alnem Fundament (7) angebracht wird, welche Form (1) mit Hilfe geeigneter Envicinungen aufgeblasen wird und nach Emaldien der genzuen Gestalt durch das Aufblauen eine Schaumharzschicht (2) auf der Immunable der Form (1) autgesprüht wird. Anker, die jewails eine perforierte Fußpiette (8) haben, an welcher ein Antwesteb (10) engebrecht ist, mit ihren plattenförmigen Füsen. (8) auf die Schaumbarzschicht (2) gelegt werden. wobel die Ankarstab (10) nach Innen weisen, und Beweitrungsstäbe (4) on den Ankerstäbe (10) angebracht werden, nachdom eine erste Betonschicht (6) auf die Scheimischlicht (Z) gesprühl wurde, dedurch gekennselowet, deß die Scheunbezschlein (2) guaret hergottell wird, bis live abschliebend estarderliche Starke entelcht int daß nur enschließend die Ankar (8, 10) mut die Schaumschicht (2) gelegt und

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